請注意:

以下例題僅為有助於參賽者瞭解比賽測驗的型態,不會成為比賽的 測驗內容,測驗的問題亦不限於以下例題所提供的模式

第一大題:請依照對話內容,選擇合適的選項

1.

Man: "I can't believe how hot it's been lately."

Woman: "And the air quality has been terrible, too."

- (A) They are complaining about the weather.
- (B) The man is talking about a popular air quality.
- (C) The woman think the man's quality is terrible.

2.

Man: "I wish we had taken that opportunity to visit the national park last summer." Woman: "Yeah, it looks amazing, and now we have to wait for another chance."

- (A) They are complaining about the national park.
- (B) The man is showing his regret of not being able to go to the national park.
- (C) The woman refuses to go to the national park.

第二大題:請依照上下文關係,選擇合適的單字代號填入空格

Air pollution is a serious environmental issue that affects the air we breathe and can			
harm both our	health and the planet. It occurs	when harmful	are released into
the air, making it dirty and unhealthy. They can come from various sources, such as			
factories, cars, and even natural events like wildfires and volcanic eruptions. Some			
common	include carbon dioxide, which	contributes to clima	te change, and
tiny particles ca	lled PM2.5, which can be harm	ful when we breath	e them in.

One of the main reasons we should be concerned about air pollution is its impact on			
our health. Breathing in polluted air can lead to problems like asthma and			
bronchitis (氣喘和支氣管炎). It can also make existing health conditions worse. For			
instance, if someone already has heart disease, air pollution can increase the risk of			
heart attacks. Children, the elderly, and people with pre-existing health conditions			
are especially to the harmful effects of air pollution.			

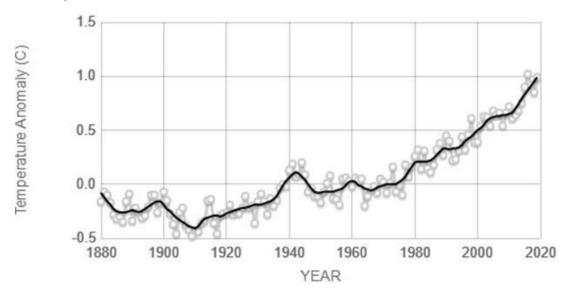
Air pollution isn't just bad for our health; it also harms the environment. It can damage plants and trees, making it harder for them to grow and provide clean air for us. Polluted air can also contribute to climate change by increasing the levels of

gases in the atmosphere. To tackle air pollution, we can take steps like using public transportation, reducing our energy consumption, and supporting clean energy sources like wind and _____ power. By working together, we can make the air cleaner and healthier for everyone.

- (A) greenhouse (B) pollutants (C) respiratory
- (D) solar (E) substances (F) vulnerable

第三大題:請依照文本內容和圖表,選擇正確的選項

Climate change is a pressing global issue, and understanding the statistics behind it is crucial for addressing its impact. Over the past century, the Earth's average temperature has risen significantly. Data shows that from 1880 to 2020, the global average temperature increased by about 1.0 degrees Celsius (2.2 degrees Fahrenheit). This may seem like a small change, but it has far-reaching consequences for our planet.



- 1. One way to visualize this temperature increase is through a line graph. The graph above illustrates the rise in global average temperatures over the past 140 years. As you can see, there's a clear _____ trend, indicating a warming climate.
- (A) downward (B) soaring (C) average (D) uneven
- 2. According to the line graph, how much has the global average temperature increased from 2000 to 2020?
- (A) 1.0 degrees Celsius (B) 0.5 degree Celsius
- (C) 2.2 degrees Fahrenheit (D) 1.2 degrees Fahrenheit